Dimension Analysis

SYSPRO 8

Reference Guide

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Dimension Analysis

Exploring

Where it fits in?

The **Dimension Analysis** feature lets you dynamically define financial reporting centers without having to design and maintain a segmented or structured General Ledger. This is achieved by implementing a standard chart of accounts, defining tailored reporting categories and appending financial data to dimensions. We have simplified the linking of transactions to dimensions by populating default dimensions based on business logic.

Functionality

Dimension Analysis is available for programs within the following modules:

- Accounts Receivable
- Accounts Payable
- Cash Book
- Inventory Control
- Sales Orders
- Assets
- Work in Progress

The Business Activity Queries functionality forms the basis of a Dimension Analysis dashboard that is supplied as part of the Embedded Analytics. Various filters within this dashboard let you manage the data you want to view.

Benefits

- Rich opportunity for analysis:
 - Data can be 'sliced and diced' according to your unique requirements.
 - Detailed financial analysis and comprehensive reports can be provided regularly and with little effort.
- Accurately track business:
 - Dimensions are linked to transactions when they occur as this is driven by dimension categories relevant to the business process. This enables you to add business context to your data.



- Outstanding flexibility:
 - Admin productivity is greatly increased.
 - Dimensions can be added as the business grows or focus is adjusted.
 - Data entry and reporting capabilities can be modified without significant restructuring.

Navigation

The programs related to this feature are accessed from the **Program List** of the SYSPRO menu:

Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis

Terminology Chart of accounts

This is a listing of all accounts used within an organization's general ledger.

The element within the chart of accounts that acts as a transaction collector is known as the *natural account* or *general ledger code*. This is based on a specific account type (e.g. asset, liability, etc.) and is driven by the organization's activities.

FOR EXAMPLE:

1000 – Sales

In a *structured general ledger* the chart of accounts is configured with pre-defined sections within a fixed structure, where a new section must be defined for every business segment.

FOR EXAMPLE:

10-1000 is Cape Town Branch - Sales



The structure can be created using the **GL Structure Definition** program.

Dimension accounting

Dimension accounting uses a standard chart of accounts for all segments of the business, which typically only consists of the natural account (i.e. the Ledger Code Details section of the GL structure definition).

All other attributes required for the analysis of financial data, are configured as dimensions.

Dimension category

Dimension categories are reporting levels that are defined according to the unique requirements of your business.

FOR EXAMPLE:

If your business wants to report financial data per branch, then you would create a *Branch* dimension category.

Dimension code

Dimension codes are reporting units that are configured against a dimension category (i.e. reporting level).

FOR EXAMPLE:

If your business wants to report financial data per branch, and your have branches in various cities, then each of these cities will be created as a dimension code.

To simplify the recording of dimensions against transactions, we suggest that you define default dimension codes against master data elements.

If a master data element forms part of a transaction, SYSPRO pre-populates the dimensions based on the defaults defined, resulting in minimal operator interaction.

Master data

Master data refers to the core data that is absolutely essential for running operations within a business. It is data about key business entities that provides context for business transactions and operations. Data designated as master data can vary within industries.

FOR EXAMPLE:

Master data depicts the core entities of a business, such as customers, suppliers, materials, etc.

Posting rules (Dimension Analysis)

Posting rules can be defined against dimensions for specific ledger codes to provide additional control and ensure the **Dimension Analysis** is complete and valid.

FOR EXAMPLE:

If you don't want **Dimension Analysis** per branch against your balance sheet accounts, you can mark these accounts with a *not allowed* posting rule. An operator won't be able to capture **Dimension Analysis** for these accounts, regardless of the settings against individual business processes.



Starting

Prerequisites Setup Options

To use this feature, the following setup option(s) must be enabled:

Setup Options > General Ledger Integration > General Ledger Codes

- Dimension analysis
 - When this is defined as **Transaction entry level**:

Transactions are tagged with dimensions when posted in the sub module.



Sub-module tables will not be tagged with dimension codes.

• When this is defined as **GL entry level**:

Transactions are tagged with dimensions when posted to the ledger.

Integration level

We recommend that the **INTEGRATION LEVEL** of all ledger codes you want included in **Dimension Analysis** is defined as **Control account in detail**.

Security

You can secure this feature by implementing a range of controls against the affected programs. Although not all these controls are applicable to each feature, they include the following:

 You restrict operator access to *dimension codes* using the **Operator Maintenance** program.

Select the **Configure** hyperlink at the **DIMENSION ANALYSIS** section (within the **Security** tab) to maintain access control options using the **Dimension Analysis Security**¹ program.

- You restrict operator access to *activities* within a program using the **Operator** Maintenance program.
- You can restrict operator access to the *fields* within a program (configured using the Operator Maintenance program).
- You can restrict operator access to *functions* within a program using passwords (configured using the **Password Definition** program).

When defined, the password must be entered before you can access the function.

¹Program: IMPFDS



 You can restrict access to the eSignature *transactions* within a program at operator, group, role or company level (configured using the **Electronic Signature Configuration Setup** program).

Electronic Signatures provide security access, transaction logging and event triggering that gives you greater control over your system changes.

- You can restrict operator access to *programs* by assigning them to groups and applying access control against the group (configured using the **Operator Groups** program).
- You can restrict operator access to *programs* by assigning them to roles and applying access control against the role (configured using the **Role Management** program).



Solving

System messages Setup Options - Ledger codes



Cause

The **Dimension Analysis** feature has been enabled (i.e. the **DIMENSION ANALYSIS** setup option is defined as **GL entry level** or **Transaction entry level**) and configured with the **INTEGRATION LEVEL** defined as **Linked to GL in summary** or **Linked to GL in detail** (*Setup Options > General Ledger Integration > General Ledger Codes*).

Solution

We recommend that the **INTEGRATION LEVEL** of all ledger codes you want included in **Dimension Analysis** is defined as **Control account in detail**.

This is because transactions may not be tagged correctly if the **INTEGRATION LEVEL** is defined as **Linked to GL in summary** or **Linked to GL in detail**, which can then result in distorted data and inaccurate reports.

GL Dimension Analysis Capture



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Access Denied

Operator has been denied access to code 'VBC' for Financial Dimension category 'Branch'.

GL Dimension Analysis Capture

Dimension code ' ' does not exist for dimension category 'Branch' GL Dimension Analysis Capture

Dimension code 'NY' is not active.

Cause

One of these messages may be displayed when you attempt to save dimension detail in the **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program if the system's validation fails.

You can't save selected dimension detail in the following scenarios:

- The operator doesn't have access to the selected dimension code.
- The selected dimension code doesn't exist or is currently in a state of I INACTIVE.
- The dimension code is left blank and the posting rule against the ledger code is defined as **Mandatory**.

Solution

Depending on the cause for the failed validation, you can resolve this as follows:

• The operator doesn't have access to the selected dimension code.

Solution: Use the **Dimension Analysis Security¹** program to define the required access type against the operator.

The selected dimension code doesn't exist or is currently in a state of I - INACTIVE.

Solution: Use the **Dimension Code Maintenance** program to maintain the status of the dimension code.

• The dimension code is left blank and the posting rule against the ledger code is defined as **Mandatory**.

Solution: Use the **GL Default Dimension Maintenance** program to ensure that the correct dimension code and posting rules are defined against the ledger code.



FAQS General How will the selection at the Dimension analysis setup option affect dimension tagging?

The **DIMENSION ANALYSIS** setup option can be defined as **Transaction entry level** or **GL entry level**.

• If this is defined as **Transaction entry level**:

Transactions are tagged with dimensions when they are posted in the sub module.

This means that the **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program is displayed when the transaction is processed in the transaction processing program.

• When this is defined at **GL entry level**:

Transactions will be tagged with dimensions when they are posted to the ledger.

This means that the **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program won't be displayed when the transaction is posted. Instead, a journal will be generated against the sub module. This journal will be placed **ON HOLD** until it is released and posted using the **GL Journal Entry** program.

When the journal is posted, the **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program is displayed so that the dimensions can be captured.

The option you choose typically depends on the employee that captures the dimension data and the volumes involved.

If the employee has sufficient financial knowledge, you may want to choose to capture dimension entries at **Transaction entry level**.

If the employee is not as knowledgeable regarding the company's financial structure and accounts, you may want to choose to capture dimension entries at **GL entry level**, so that a person in the Finance department can capture dimensions when the GL journal is posted.



The **GL entry level** option would be feasible for lower volumes.

Why can't I save the dimension analysis detail?

You can't save the selected dimension detail within the **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program if any of the following apply:

• The operator doesn't have access to the selected dimension code.

Solution: Use the **Dimension Analysis Security¹** program to define the required access type against the operator.

¹Program: IMPFDS



The selected dimension code doesn't exist or is currently in a state of I - INACTIVE.

Solution: Use the **Dimension Code Maintenance** program to maintain the status of the dimension code.

• The dimension code is left blank and the posting rule against the ledger code is defined as **Mandatory**.

Solution: Use the **GL Default Dimension Maintenance** program to ensure that the correct dimension code and posting rules are defined against the ledger code.

Why do I need to assign priorities to master data in Dimension Analysis?

Priorities against master data are assigned to manage and resolve conflicts when a transaction could be tagged with more than one default dimension code.

Priorities are used to establish a hierarchy, which then determines which default dimension code takes precedence based on the prioritization of the source account or master data.

Working with dimension categories How do I link a business process to a dimension category?

- 1. Access the **GL Dimension Source Maintenance** program (*Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis > Setup*).
- 2. Select the dimension category that you want to link to a business process.
- 3. Within the **Dimension Source Details** pane, enable the **Business process required** field.
- 4. Within the **Business Processes** grid, select the business processes you want to link to the dimension category.
- 5. Save your changes.

Why aren't all the dimension categories available when posting a transaction?

Only dimension categories with an A - ACTIVE status can be selected.

You can change the status of a dimension category using the **GL Dimension Category Maintenance** program.

The dimension category will only be displayed if it is linked to the business process or if the selected ledger code has a mandatory posting rule.

If the selected ledger code has a not allowed posting rule defined against it, the category will not be displayed (even though it is linked to the business process).



Working with dimension codes Why can't I select the dimension code I want to use?

This may be due to a number of reasons:

• Only dimension codes with an A - ACTIVE status can be selected.

Solution: Use the **Dimension Code Maintenance** program to maintain the dimension code's current status.

• Only the dimension codes for which the operator has access are displayed.

Solution: Use the **Dimension Analysis Security¹** program to define the required access type against the operator.

• You can only select dimension codes from the entity backed table (if the **Entity backed** field was enabled against the dimension category).

Solution: Use the **GL Dimension Category Maintenance** program to enable or disable the **Entity backed** field against a dimension category.

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The dimension code can't be selected or updated if the dimension category is linked to a ledger code where the posting rule is defined as **Default**.

Why aren't all the dimension codes available when posting a transaction?

This may be due to one of the following:

• Only dimension codes with an A - ACTIVE status are displayed.

Solution: Use the **Dimension Code Maintenance** program to change the status of the dimension code.

• Only the dimension codes for which the operator has access are displayed.

Solution: Use the **Dimension Analysis Security**² program to define the required access type against the operator.

Why can't I select a posting rule for default dimension codes?

Posting rules are only available against ledger codes if you have selected the **GenMaster** table at the **Master table** field.



How does the system determine the default dimension code?

The default dimension code is determined as follows:

- The system uses the default dimension code that was linked to the master data using the GL Default Dimension Maintenance program.
- If more than one default exists for a dimension category, the priority against the ledger code is taken into consideration (i.e. the default is selected from the entity with the highest priority).



Priorities can be assigned to a master data entity using the **GL Dimension Analysis Priorities** program.

If no default was assigned to the master data entity with the highest priority, then the default assigned to the ledger code with the next highest priority is selected.

If no defaults are defined against a dimension category, then the category is still displayed, but the operator must capture the dimension code manually.

Can I update the dimension code on a transaction?

Yes.

Update the dimension code defined against an existing transaction as follows:

- 1. Open the **GL Dimension Code Update** program (*Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis > Setup*).
- 2. Filter the transactions according to your requirements using the **Dimension Code Criteria**.
- 3. Update single transactions by entering or modifying the dimension code within the grid (i.e. **Dimension code** column).
- 4. Apply your changes to the dimension codes for all the transactions displayed in the grid using the **Update Codes** button.

Using Process



Considerations:

- The dimension codes must be linked to dimension categories using the **Dimension** Code Maintenance program.
- You can configure default dimension codes against master data (customers, suppliers, etc) using the GL Default Dimension Maintenance program.



- If a transaction originates in a module that is configured for Dimension Analysis, the transaction will be automatically tagged with the default dimensions values defined against that ledger code.
- You can assign priorities to ledger codes to using the GL Dimension Analysis
 Priorities program.

Priority rules let you specify which default dimension code takes preference when more than one default is linked to a dimension category at master data level (the default assigned to the entity with the highest priority is then selected).

• You can define the applicable data source (or business process) where you want to apply a dimension category using the **GL Dimension Source Maintenance** program.



A business process can be linked to a maximum of 40 dimension categories, but only 10 categories are displayed within the **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program.

When you have assigned default dimension codes to ledger codes, you can define posting rules against ledger codes using the GL Default Dimension Maintenance program.



You can't assign posting rules to master data.



The following indicates areas in the product that may be affected by implementing this feature:

Setup programs

Dimension Analysis Security

Accessible from the **Configure** option at the **DIMENSION ANALYSIS** section within the **Security** tab of the **Operator Maintenance** program.

This program lets you configure access control against operators to manage their access to dimension codes.

Role Management

SYSPRO Ribbon bar > Setup

This program lets you maintain operator roles and configure settings and access to **Dimension Analysis** data for each role.

GL Dimension Category Maintenance

Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis > Setup

This program lets you create and maintain reporting levels according to the unique requirements of your business.

Dimension Code Maintenance

Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis > Setup

This program lets you create and maintain reporting levels according to the unique requirements of your business.

The reporting units (i.e. dimension codes) can then be linked to a dimension category.

GL Dimension Code Update

Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis > Setup

This program lets you update the dimension codes defined against an existing transaction.

This is typically performed when the dimension code against a transaction is blank, or the transaction was tagged with an incorrect code.

This **Return blank dimension codes only** field displays the dimension categories in the listview against which no dimension codes were defined or captured.



GL Dimension Analysis Priorities

Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis > Setup

This program lets you define which master data takes preference when tagging transactions that are included within **Dimension Analysis**.

This is typically used when more than one default exists for a dimension category, in which case the priority determines which dimension code is used.

GL Default Dimension Maintenance

Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis > Setup

This program lets you configure default dimension codes against master data.

You can also create posting rules for a dimension category, which will determine whether transactions with this ledger code will be included in the dimension.

GL Dimension Source Maintenance

Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis > Setup

This program lets you link a dimension category to business processes.

Once this link is established and a transaction originates within the business process, the transaction is then tagged with dimension analysis.

General Ledger Codes

Program List > General Ledger > Setup

When the **DIMENSION ANALYSIS** setup option is enabled for any sub module, a warning message is displayed within this program if the operator selects the **Detail transactions** or **Summary transactions** option against the **Sub-ledger integration method** field.

Transaction Processing programs

This program lets you review and update dimension codes for a transaction before it is posted or processed.

The **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program is displayed when transactions are posted in the following programs, which then prompts the user to capture the dimension values:

- Accounts Receivable
 - AR Invoice Posting
 - AR Payments and Adjustments Adjustments only
 - AR Finance Charge Calculation
 - AR Exchange Rate Revaluation
- Accounts Payable

- AP Invoice Posting
 - AP Exchange Rate Revaluation
- Assets
 - Asset GL Integration
 - Asset Depreciation Calculation
 - Asset Depreciation Adjustment
 - Asset Depreciation Adjustment Recalc
 - Asset Acquisition
 - Asset Acquisition Import
 - Asset Disposal
 - Asset Count Confirm
 - Asset Revaluation
- Cash Book
 - Cash Book Deposits and Withdrawals
 - CB Permanent Entries Posting
 - Cash Book Currency Variance
- General Ledger
 - GL Journal Entry
- Inventory Control
 - Inventory Movements
- Purchase Orders
 - GRN Adjustment
 - Purchase Order Receipts
- Work in Progress
 - Job Closure
 - Part Billings
 - WIP Inspection Maintenance
 - WIP Inspection Variance Closure
 - Labor Posting
 - Job Issues
 - Job Receipts

The **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program is also displayed when journal transactions are processed within the following integration programs:

- AR Invoice GL Integration
- AR Payments GL Integration
- Cash Book GL Integration
- GL Posting Program
- Inventory GL Integration
- WIP Labor GL Integration
- WIP Part Billings GL Integration

We recommend that you define default dimension codes using the **GL Default Dimension Maintenance** program, so that the fields within the **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program are pre-populated with the default dimension values.

Report programs

GL List of Default Dimensions

Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis > Reports

This report displays the default dimension codes and the ledger code to which they are linked.

GL Trial Balance for Dimensions

Program List > General Ledger > Reports

This report lists ledger account balances and detailed account activity. It can be generated per dimension code or category.

The **Return blank dimension codes only** field at the **Report Options** tab can be used to return all which transactions against which no dimension codes are defined.

Batch programs

GL Dimension Analysis Extract

Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis

This program lets you extract the dimensions from the GenDimensionDet table to a separate extract table that is then used for reporting purposes and in the GL Dimension Analysis Query¹ program.

This optimizes the query and reporting process in high-volume environments.

¹Program: GENPDQ



Various Batch programs

Transactions in the following programs are tagged with the dimension entry number using the default dimension codes.

- Document Print
- Stock Take Confirmation
- Sales Order Entry
- Sales Order Entry Express

The **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program won't be displayed when posting transactions, as the **GL DIMENSION ANALYSIS BUSINESS OBJECT**¹ business object is used to update the dimension analysis details.



Although **Sales Order Entry** and **Sales Order Entry Express** are posting programs, they are treated as batch programs in **Dimension Analysis**, because of the number of lines that can be attached to each sales order. Both programs use the **Document Print** program to process the invoice.

Query programs

GL Dimension Analysis Query

Program List > General Ledger > Dimension Analysis

This program lets you query the dimension details from the GenDimensionDet table.You must run the GL Dimension Analysis Extract² program first to extract the dimension data before accessing this program.

GL Query

Program List > General Ledger > GL Query

You can view the Dimension Analysis entries against a transaction within the **Analysis** listview.

The **Dimension entry** field can be inserted at the **Details** listview using the **Field Chooser** option. Select the transaction to view the dimension entry detail at the **Dimension Analysis Details** pane.

You can also view the dimension data using the **GL Zoom on General Ledger Journal** program by selecting the **General Ledger Journal** option from the **Edit** icon in the *SYSPRO Web UI (Avanti)* version, or by selecting the dimension entry hyperlink in the *SYSPRO Desktop* version.

The dimension entry detail is displayed at the **Dimension Analysis Details** pane.

¹Business object: GENTDN ²Program: GENPEX



Bank Query

Program List > Cash Book

The **Dimension entry** field can be inserted at the **Transaction** listview using the **Field Chooser** option. Select the transaction to view the dimension entry detail at the **Transaction Selection** pane.

Select the dimension entry hyperlink to display the **Cash Book GL Distribution Zoom** program. You can view the dimension data at the **Dimension Analysis Details** pane.

Supplier Query

Program List > Accounts Payable

You can view the Dimension Analysis details of an invoice by selecting the **Invoice** option from the **Query** menu, which displays the **AP Supplier Invoices** program. Right-click on the invoice and select the **GL distribution** option. From here, the dimension data can be viewed on the **Dimension Analysis Details** pane.

You can also insert the **Dimension entry** field at the **Invoices** listview by using the **Field Chooser** option. Select the dimension entry hyperlink to display the **AP Supplier Invoice Distribution** program to view dimension codes tagged against invoice transactions.

Zoom programs

The following programs can be used to view dimension analysis data at transaction level.

- GL Zoom on General Ledger Journal
- GL Zoom on Cash Book Journals
- Cash Book GL Distribution Zoom

Import programs

Transactions that are imported using the following programs are tagged with the dimension entry number using the default dimension codes.

- Stock Take Import
- WIP Labor Import
- Import GRN Details
- Purchase Order Receipt Import

The **GL Dimension Analysis Capture** program won't be displayed when posting transactions, as the **GL DIMENSION ANALYSIS BUSINESS OBJECT**¹ business object is used to update the dimension analysis details.

¹Business object: GENTDN



Affected business objects

The following indicates the business objects affected by this feature:

Setup objects

GL Dimension Analysis Priorities

The **GL DIMENSION ANALYSIS PRIORITIES¹** business object lets you configure and maintain your priorities for the **Dimension Analysis** capability.

GL Dimension Codes

The **GL DIMENSION CODES**² business object lets you create dimension codes.

GL Dimension Categories

The **GL DIMENSION CATEGORIES**³ business object lets you create dimension categories.

Each dimension category can have an unlimited number of dimension codes. Categories that are active and fall within the date range are included in the analysis.

Dimension categories can be entity-backed (linked to existing system data such as branch, area, salesperson, etc.) or custom (predefined by the user).

GL Default Dimensions

The **GL DEFAULT DIMENSIONS**⁴ business object lets you create default dimension codes for ledger accounts.

GL Dimension Source

The **GL DIMENSION SOURCE**⁵ business object lets you to link dimension categories to business processes.

General Ledger Code Maintenance

The **GENERAL LEDGER CODE MAINTENANCE**⁶ business object lets you add, maintain and delete General Ledger codes.

¹Business object: GL Dimension Analysis Priorities
 ²Business object: GENSCD
 ³Business object: GENSCT
 ⁴Business object: GENSDF
 ⁵Business object: GENSSR
 ⁶Business object: GENSCO



GL Dimension Analysis Business Object

The **GL DIMENSION ANALYSIS BUSINESS OBJECT¹** business object receives master data, reads default dimension analysis data. It then assigns dimension categories and codes and posts the transactions.

AR Invoice Posting

The **AR INVOICE POSTING**² business object lets you capture invoices, debit notes and credit notes against a customer.

Accounts Payable Invoice Posting

The **ACCOUNTS PAYABLE INVOICE POSTING**³ business object lets you capture invoices, debit notes, credit notes and adjustments against a supplier. The value of the transaction is distributed to ledger codes in the local or in the supplier currency.

AP Invoice GL Integration

The **AP INVOICE GL INTEGRATION**⁴ business object lets you create and optionally post ledger journals for Accounts Payable invoice transactions, when the **INTEGRATION LEVEL** is defined as in **Linked to GL in summary** or **Linked to GL in detail**.

AR Invoice Integration update

The **AR INVOICE INTEGRATION UPDATE**⁵ business object lets you create and optionally post ledger journals for Accounts Receivable invoice transactions, when the **INTEGRATION LEVEL** is defined as in **Linked to GL in summary** or **Linked to GL in detail**.

AR Payment Integration update

The **AR PAYMENT INTEGRATION UPDATE**⁶ business object lets you create and optionally post ledger journals for Accounts Receivable payment transactions, when the **INTEGRATION LEVEL** is defined as in **Linked to GL in summary** or **Linked to GL in detail**.

AR Payments and Adjustments

The **AR PAYMENTS AND ADJUSTMENTS**⁷ business object is used to post payments and adjustments against *Accounts Receivable* invoices for SYSPRO customers and to post miscellaneous receipts (not linked to a specific customer or invoice).

¹Business object: GENTDN ²Business object: ARSTIN ³Business object: APSTIN ⁴Business object: APSTGI ⁵Business object: ARSTGP ⁶Business object: ARSTPY



Cash Book GL Integration Update

The **CASH BOOK GL INTEGRATION UPDATE**¹ business object lets you create and optionally post ledger journals for Cash Book transactions, when the **INTEGRATION LEVEL** is defined as in **Linked to GL in detail**.

CSH Deposits and Withdrawals

The **CSH DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS**² business object lets you enter details of deposits and withdrawals, change existing transactions, reconcile or unreconcile transactions, and process inter-bank transfers in Cash Book. It can also be used to process foreign currency transactions through either a local or foreign bank account.

GL Journal Posting

The **GL JOURNAL POSTING**³ business object lets you create, maintain and post the different types of ledger journals and is also used to post sub-ledger transactions to the General Ledger.

Inventory Movements (Backflushing)

The **Inventory Movements** (BACKFLUSHING)⁴ business object lets you record the manufacture of items without using a Work in Progress job. This enables the issuing of materials from inventory, applying standard labor costs, and receipting the finished good back into stock, all in one process.

Cycle Count Maintenance

The **CYCLE COUNT MAINTENANCE⁵** business object lets you add, change and delete a cycle count.

Inventory GRN GL Integration Update

The **INVENTORY GRN GL INTEGRATION UPDATE**⁶ business object lets you create and optionally post ledger journals for GRN adjustment transactions, when the **INTEGRATION LEVEL** is defined as in **Linked to GL in summary** or **Linked to GL in detail**.

Inventory Integration Update

The **INVENTORY INTEGRATION UPDATE**⁷ business object lets you create and optionally post ledger journals for inventory transactions, when the **INTEGRATION LEVEL** is defined as in **Linked to GL in summary** or **Linked to GL in detail**.

¹Business object: CSHTGI ²Business object: CSHTWD ³Business object: GENTJL ⁴Business object: INVTBF ⁵Business object: INVTGG ⁷Business object: INVTGM



Inventory Cycle Count Capture

The **INVENTORY CYCLE COUNT CAPTURE¹** business object lets you capture the items for the selected cycle count.

- Items without lots and serials are captured in the InvCycleCountBin and InvCycleCountCapt tables.
- Items with serials are captured in the InvCycleCountBin, InvCycleCountSer and InvCycleCountCapt tables.
- Items with serials and lots are captured in the InvCycleCountBin, InvCycleCountSerInvCycleCountSer and InvCycleCountCapt tables.
- Items with lots are captured in the InvCycleCountBin, InvCycleCountLot and InvCycleCountCapt tables.

Inventory Movements (Adjust/Physical)

The **Inventory Movements** (ADJUST/PHYSICAL)² business object lets you capture an inventory adjustment or physical count transaction, which updates the on-hand quantity of a stock item.

Inventory Movements (Bin Transfers)

The **INVENTORY MOVEMENTS** (**BIN TRANSFERS**)³ business object lets you capture a bin transfer transaction, which records the transfer of items from one bin location to another. This transaction type is only available if the **MULTIPLE BINS** setup option is enabled.

Inventory Movements (Cost Changes)

The **INVENTORY MOVEMENTS** (COST CHANGES)⁴ business object lets you capture a cost change transaction, which updates the unit cost of a stock item in a specific warehouse.

Inventory Movements (Expense Issues)

The **INVENTORY MOVEMENTS** (**EXPENSE ISSUES**)⁵ business object lets you capture an expense issue transaction, which records the miscellaneous issue of stock from inventory.

The quantity on hand is reduced by the quantity issued and the transaction is valued at the current inventory cost. Entering a negative quantity can reverse any quantity issued in error.

¹Business object: INVTCR ²Business object: INVTMA ³Business object: INVTMB ⁴Business object: INVTMC ⁵Business object: INVTME

Inventory Movements (WH Xfers IN)

The **Inventory Movements** (**WH XFERS IN**)¹ business object lets you receive items in transit into the destination warehouse.

This is typically required when performing a non-immediate transfer of stock from one warehouse to another and items remain in transit until the transfer is recorded into the destination warehouse.

Inventory Movements (Cost Modifications)

The **INVENTORY MOVEMENTS** (COST MODIFICATIONS)² business object lets you capture a cost modification transaction, which adjusts the unit cost of a specific quantity of items.

This is typically done when a number of items were received into stock at the incorrect cost.

This transaction type of can't be processed if the **COSTING METHOD** setup option is defined as **Standard** or the **FIFO VALUATION** setup option is enabled.

Inventory Movements (WH Xfers OUT/IMM)

The **INVENTORY MOVEMENTS** (WH XFERS OUT/IMM)³ business object lets you record the transfer of items from one warehouse to another and supports the following three functions:

Out

Stock is transferred out of the source warehouse.

These items remain in transit until a transfer in is recorded into a destination warehouse.

If the **FULL GOODS IN TRANSIT TRANSFERS FACILITY** setup option is enabled, this function is unavailable. You should use the **Inventory MOVEMENTS (GIT WH XFERS OUT)**⁴ business object instead.

Out (no destination)

Stock is transferred out of the source warehouse and no destination warehouse is specified.

Immediate

Stock is transferred out of the source warehouse and received into the destination warehouse in a single transaction.

¹Business object: INVTMI ²Business object: INVTMM ³Business object: INVTMO ⁴Business object: INVTMT



 This option would be used when the transportation time between the warehouses is short, the transfer has already been completed or the destination warehouse does not have the facility to record the receipt of the transfer.

Inventory Movements (GIT Wh XFers IN)

The **INVENTORY MOVEMENTS** (GIT WH XFERS IN)¹ business object lets you monitor warehouse and supply chain transfers and provides better control over stock items that are transferred between warehouses.

Inventory Movements (Receipts)

The **INVENTORY MOVEMENTS** (RECEIPTS)² business object lets you receipt items into stock that are not associated with one of the following:

- Purchase order
- Job
- Landed cost tracking shipment
- Backflushing entry

Inventory Movements (GIT WH Xfers OUT)

The INVENTORY MOVEMENTS (GIT WH XFERS OUT)³ business object lets you transfer items from one warehouse to another when using the Goods in Transit module (i.e. the FULL GOODS IN TRANSIT TRANSFERS FACILITY setup option is enabled).

Inventory Stock Take Confirmation

The **Inventory Stock Take Confirmation**⁴ business object lets you confirm details of the stock take capture process and updates the inventory tables with the captured quantities.

GRN Post GRN Adjustments

The **GRN POST GRN ADJUSTMENTS**⁵ business object lets you add a Goods received note (GRN), adjust the value of an existing GRN, set the status of a matched GRN to unmatched and change the supplier details against a GRN.

¹Business object: INVTMN ²Business object: INVTMR ³Business object: INVTMT ⁴Business object: INVTSU ⁵Business object: PORTGN



PO Purchase Order Receipts

The **PO PURCHASE ORDER RECEIPTS**¹ business object lets you process positive receipts against purchase orders. Items can be receipted into stock or into inspection, if they have been defined as requiring inspection or they are lot traceable items. Non-stocked lines can optionally be receipted into inspection.

SO Consolidate Dispatch Invoice Calculation

The **SO CONSOLIDATE DISPATCH INVOICE CALCULATION**² business object lets you post invoices against consolidated dispatch notes.

The **Dispatch Note Consolidation** program creates the consolidation records against the invoice. When the invoice is posted, all required transactions and calculations are processed and saved to the SYSPRO database.

A copy of the invoice information is stored and can be printed/reprinted using the **SO CONSOLIDATED DISPATCH INV DOC QUERY³** business object or the **Document Print** program.

SO Invoice Calculation from Sales Order

The **SO INVOICE CALCULATION FROM SALES ORDER**⁴ business object lets you capture the quantity counted into inspection.

Items are receipted into inspection (using the business object **PO PURCHASE ORDER RECEIPTS**⁵) if the **LOT TRACEABILITY** option against the stock code is defined as **Traceable** or **Inspection required**.

Non-stocked lines can optionally be receipted into inspection.

SO Dispatch Invoice Calculation

The **SO DISPATCH INVOICE CALCULATION**⁶ business object lets you invoice the dispatch notes that are created using the **SO DISPATCH NOTE MAINTENANCE**⁷ business object or the **Dispatch Note Review** program.

¹Business object: PORTOR ²Business object: SORTCC ³Business object: SORQCD ⁴Business object: SORTIC ⁵Business object: PORTOR ⁶Business object: SORTDC ⁷Business object: SORTDM

WIP Inspection Accept into Stock

The **WIP INSPECTION ACCEPT INTO STOCK**¹ business object lets you accept a quantity of a job's finished stock code into stock after completing an inspection.

This is a two-stage receipt facility for job receipts and is only available if the Lot TRACEABILITY option for the stocked item is defined as **Inspection required** (*Program List > Inventory > Setup*).

A ledger entry is made for the transaction if Work in Progress module is integrated to the General Ledger.

GL Dimension Code Update Posting

The **GL DIMENSION CODE UPDATE POSTING**² business object lets you update dimension codes for a specific dimension entry number or category item. Other information that you can specify includes the ledger code, ledger year, journal number and ledger code according to which you want to update the dimension codes.

GL Dimension Analysis Extract

The **GL DIMENSION ANALYSIS EXTRACT³** business object lets you extract results from the **Dimension Analysis** feature.

WIP Labor GL Integration business object

The **WIP LABOR GL INTEGRATION BUSINESS OBJECT**⁴ business object lets you create and optionally post ledger journals for WIP labor transactions, when the Work in Progress **INTEGRATION LEVEL** to the General Ledger is defined as in **Linked to GL in summary** or **Linked to GL in detail**.

WIP Part Billing GL Integration

The **WIP PART BILLING GL INTEGRATION**⁵ business object lets you create and post ledger journals for WIP part billing transactions, when the Work in Progress **INTEGRATION LEVEL** to the General Ledger is defined as in **Linked to GL in summary** or **Linked to GL in detail**.

WIP Job Closure

The **WIP JOB CLOSURE**⁶ business object lets you set a job to complete and distribute any outstanding work in progress amounts to the General Ledger.

¹Business object: WIPTAI ²Business object: GENTUD ³Business object: GENTEX ⁴Business object: WIPTGI ⁵Business object: WIPTJC



WIP Labor Posting

The **WIP LABOR POSTING**¹ business object lets you post labor hours against a job or record nonproductive time without updating a job.

WIP Part Billings

The **WIP PART BILLINGS**² business object lets you invoice a customer based on work completed for a non-stocked job. At the same time, the work in progress value is reduced and may be distributed to selected ledger codes.

WIP Inspection Rework

The **WIP INSPECTION REWORK**³ business object lets you send a specified quantity of the inspected item for rework. This can be sent back to the original job, if it still exists, or to a new job (which is then created automatically).

WIP Inspection Scrap Maintenance

The **WIP INSPECTION SCRAP MAINTENANCE**⁴ business object lets you scrap a quantity for a WIP inspection reference together with a reason for scrapping.

A ledger entry is made for the transaction the Work in Progress module is integrated to the General Ledger.

Query objects

GL Dimension Codes Query

The **GL DIMENSION CODES QUERY⁵** business object lets you query dimension code data per transaction and can be used to view default and blank dimension codes.

GL Dimension Categories Query

The **GL DIMENSION CATEGORIES QUERY⁶** business object lets you query dimension categories in the **GenDimensionCat** table.

GL Default Dimensions Query

The **GL DEFAULT DIMENSIONS QUERY**⁷ business object lets you query default dimension codes that are linked to ledger accounts.

¹Business object: WIPTLP ²Business object: WIPTB ³Business object: WIPTRI ⁴Business object: WIPTSI ⁵Business object: GENQCT ⁶Business object: GENQDF

Query GL Integration Options

The **QUERY GL INTEGRATION OPTIONS**¹ business object lets you the view the General Ledger integration settings.

AP Supplier Query

The **AP** SUPPLIER QUERY² business object lets you view supplier information.

Cash Book Transaction Query

The **CASH BOOK TRANSACTION QUERY**³ business object lets you view the balance and transaction details for a specific bank.

GL Trial Balance

The **GL TRIAL BALANCE**⁴ business object lets you create the **GL Trial Balance** report.

GL Journal Zoom

The **GL JOURNAL ZOOM**⁵ business object lets you view ledger - and sub-ledger transactions for a specific journal. It returns all transactions that make up the selected journal and original transaction details from the sub-ledger.

GL General Ledger Query

The **GL GENERAL LEDGER QUERY⁶** business object returns information about a specific general ledger code, including:

- Static information
- Balances at period end
- Budget information
- Detail transaction

¹Business object: GENQSI ²Business object: APSQRY ³Business object: CSHQRY ⁴Business object: GENQ20 ⁵Business object: GENQZM ⁶Business object: GENQRY



GL Dimension Analysis Query

The **GL DIMENSION ANALYSIS QUERY¹** business object lets you query information relating to **Dimension Analysis** capability. The information that you can query includes dimension categories, dimension codes, credit amounts, debit amounts, etc. Additionally, you can filter according to assets, liabilities, revenue, capital, assets, expenses, ledger codes, ledger period and the ledger year.

¹Business object: GENQDQ

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