Factory Automation

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Overview

Factory automation is an exciting new feature available in SYSPRO Manufacturing Operations Management. Factory Automation extends the existing manual data collection features in SYSPRO, with automated data collection to determine equipment effectiveness (OEE).

Including:

- Up/Downtime (including downtime reason)
- Operational completion (Quantity)
- Operational scrap (including scrap reason)

With over 140 industrial drivers to the most common PLC/IO devices including Allen Bradley, GE, Honeywell, Mitsubishi, Siemens and more. SYSPRO provides the platform to digitalize your factory by connecting machines, measuring equipment and other devices to read data without manual inputs.

SYSPRO's factory automation provides controlled management of machine data including error handling; live or controlled data posting to ERP/PLM systems; data collection from multiple geographical facilities; data historian.



Note: It is important to note that this feature guide does not cover the setup and maintenance requirements for the PLC or IO device and/or the OPC server. Configuration of these hardware and software devices will be completed by a recommended industrial engineer.

Within this feature guide, you will learn:

- System requirements to support factory automation
- How to enable factory automation
- How to create automated devices
- How to configure signals and processors
- · How to monitor a live automated environment
- How to resolve data flow errors
- How to setup alerts for monitoring automation errors
- How to troubleshoot failures

System Requirements

Factory automation is entirely dependent on the infrastructure illustrated in the Factory Automation Topology Diagram. You must have SYSPRO MOM implemented to utilize factory automation.

Machines that will be configured as automated devices in SYSPRO MOM must already be connected to a PLC or IO device and communicating with the OPC Server.

Figure 1: Factory Automation Topology Diagram



Minimum Hardware and Software Requirements - OPC Server			
Hardware	Requirements		
Device	Industrial Fanless PC Mounting: VESA or wall brackets		
CPU	Intel i3 or equivalent		
RAM	4GB and above		
Operating System	Windows Server 2008 R2 Windows Server 2012 Windows Server 2012 R2 Windows Server 2016		
Ports and Connectivity	2Gb LAN ports 2 COM ports (RS-232/422/485) 4 USB ports		
Audio jacks: line-out, mic-in	2 HDMI ports 1 VGA port		

The Concept of Automation

Factory automation in SYSPRO MOM has a simple concept. The Data Flow Diagram illustrates the overall factory automation solution. The orange columns (Infrastructure) illustrate the flow of data between the various hardware and software components before reaching SYSPRO MOM. The green columns (SYSPRO MOM) illustrate the flow of data once the data has reached SYSPRO MOM.





It is important that all these aspects of the factory automation solution are understood and configured correctly. To successfully adopt automation in your factory, you will require a resource, such as an **Industrial Engineer** that is sufficiently skilled to maintain your factory network including PLC/IO devices and the **OPC Server** hardware and software.



Note: SYSPRO Manufacturing Operations Management can only take responsibility for the support and maintenance of its own software.

Typically automation relies on a user selecting a task in the workbench to indicate which job/product is running when the automated devices are sending good and bad quantity data. This is because the automated device generally does not have any concept of which job/product it is running. Human interaction with the Workbench is not required for status (uptime/downtime) data collection.

Enabling Factory Automation



By default factory automation is disabled. The followings steps explain how to turn on automation within SYSPRO MOM.

SYSPRO MOM must understand which database is configured to store data logged by the OPC Server.



Polling Interval: The polling interval determines how frequently data will be read in the factory automation database to SYSPRO MOM.

Data Buffer Interval: The data buffer interval determines how frequently the processor will translate machine data into SYSPRO MOM transactional data.

Intervals: Interval settings can be adjusted as required to suit the requirements of your factory. However, setting these values to very low numbers may place additional load on your infrastructure in high data volume environments. Fine tune these settings for optimal performance.

Configuring the Factory Automation Database

The following steps describe how to configure the Factory Automation Database

- 1. Logon to SYSPRO MOM as an administrator.
- 2. Select **Settings** from the home page.
- 3. Select Settings.
- 4. Navigate to the **Database Settings** section.
- 5. Enter the factory automation database name in the **Automation** row.

Enabling Factory Automation

The following steps describe how to enable factory automation.

- 1. Logon to SYSPRO MOM as an administrator.
- 2. Select Settings from the home page.
- 3. Select Advamced Settings.
- 4. Select General.
- 5. Check the **Enable automation** option.
- 6. Set the Automation polling interval (secs) as required.
- 7. Set the Data buffer interval (secs) as required.

Employee status (default)	Out/Off	-	
Equipment status (default)	Out/Off	*	
Clock out warning after (hrs)	14.0		
Ferminal timeout after (secs)	600	÷	
Clocked time (default)	Office Time		
Data selector (default)	Operation Selection	Ŧ	
Report quantity (maximum)	100000.00		
Report scrap (maximum)	100000.00		
Supervisor workbench access	V		
Store data at lowest level?	V		
Enable automation	V		
Automation polling interval (sec)	60	÷	
Data buffer interval (sec)	5	* *	